

***Note:** These questions are only indicative to demonstrate the test pattern.

Sample Questions for Graduation

Reasoning

1. Find out the wrong term.
8,14,26,48,98,194,386
 - (a) 14
 - (b) 48
 - (c) 98
 - (d) 194

2. Newspaper : Press : : Cloth : ?
 - (a) Tailor
 - (b) Textile
 - (c) Fibre
 - (d) Mill

3. Choose the pair in which the words are differently related.
 - (a) Car : Road
 - (b) Ship : Sea
 - (c) Rocket : Space
 - (d) Aeroplane : Pilot

Instructions: In the question below is given two statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to assume both statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and then decide which of the

given conclusion logically follows from the two given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

Given answer

- (a) if only conclusion I follows:
- (b) if only conclusion II follows
- (c) if either conclusion I or II follows;
- (d) if neither conclusion I nor II follows;
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

4. **Statements :** All men are dogs All gods are cats

Conclusion : I all men are cats. II All cats are men.

In question given below consists of a statement, followed by two arguments numbered I and II. You have to decide which of the arguments is a strong argument and which is a weak argument.

Given answer (a) if only argument I is strong; (b) if only argument II is strong . either I or II II is strong (d) if neither I nor II is strong and (e) if both I and II are strong.

5. **Statement :** Should agriculture in rural India be mechanized?

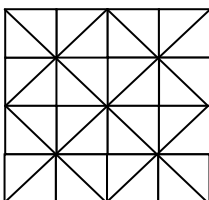
Arguments : I Yes. It would lead to higher production

II. No. Many villagers would be left unemployed.

In the question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Given answer (a) if only assumption I is implicit; (b) If only assumption II is implicit; (c) if either I or II is implicit; (d) if neither I nor II is implicit and (e) if both I and II are implicit.

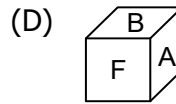
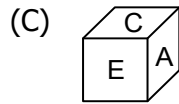
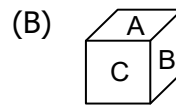
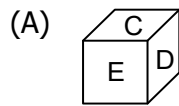
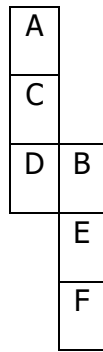
6. Find out the number of squares in the given pattern.



- (A) 26
- (C) 35

- (B) 30
- (D) 38

Select from the alternatives, the box that can be formed by folding the sheet shown in the Figure.

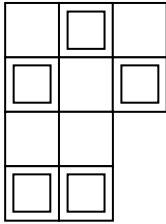


7.

8. In a certain code SHOULDER is written as VPITQDCK. How is MORNINGS written in that code?

- (A) OSPNRFMH
- (B) NPSORFMH
- (C) OSPNHMFR
- (D) OSPNSFEM

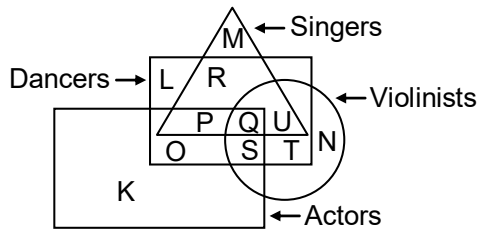
9. How many squares are there in the given figure?



- (A) 20
- (C) 15

- (B) 18
- (D) 19

10. In the given figure, which letter represents those actors who are also Dancers, Singers as well as Violinists?



- (A) S
- (C) P

- (B) Q
- (D) U

Business Studies

Q.1. 'Industry is concerned with the production of goods while commerce involves their trading.' This statement is-

- a- True
- b- Partially true
- c- False
- d- Partially false

Q.2. Manufacturing is concerned with _____

- a- Trade
- b- Direct service
- c- Commerce

d- Industry

Q.3. Buying and selling of goods and services is concerned with _____

- a- Business
- b- Commerce
- c- Trade
- d- Creole

Q.4. For example, India imports machines from Germany. Such trade comes under-

- a- Export trade
- b- Entrepot trade
- c- Import trade
- d- On demand trade

Q.5. 'Industry and commerce are independent'. This statement is _____

- a- True
- b- False
- c- Partially true
- d- Partially false

Q.6. Service Sector is also known as _____

- a- Primary sector
- b- Secondary sector
- c- Tertiary sector
- d- Communication sector

Q.7. Which is not included in the characteristic of service?

- a- Intangibility
- b- Perishability
- c- Heterogeneity
- d- Growth and expansion

Q.8. Acronym, FERA stands for-

- a- Funds Exchange Rule Association
- b- Foreign Exchange Regulation Act
- c- Financial Exchange Regulations Act
- d- Fraud Escort Regulation Association

Q.9. Which is a foreign transnational corporation?

- a- Electrolux
- b- Suprax

- c- Raiz
- d- Scyscrapper

Q.10. The term 'Outsourcing' was coined by _____

- a- Kopper S.
- b- Eastman Kodak
- c- W. Wang
- d- Peter Clock

Economics

1. In case of inferior goods, income effect is-
 - a) Positive
 - b) Negative
 - c) stagnant
 - d) None of these
2. Law of demand does not operate under-
 - a) Giffen goods
 - b) Prestige goods
 - c) Necessary goods
 - d) All of these
3. When a product becomes common among all, some people decrease or altogether stop its consumption is called-
 - a) Demonstration effect
 - b) Veblen effect
 - c) Snob effect
 - d) Bandwagon effect
4. The price of hot dogs increases by 22% and the quantity of hot dogs demanded falls by 25%. This indicates that demand for hot dogs is-
 - a) Elastic
 - b) Inelastic
 - c) Unitary elastic
 - d) Perfectly elastic
5. Demand for a good will tend to be more inelastic if it exhibits the following characteristics-
 - a) The good has many substitutes
 - b) The good is a luxury (as opposed to a necessity)
 - c) The good is a small part of the consumer's income
 - d) There is a great deal of time for the consumer to adjust to the change in prices
6. The income elasticity of tomatoes is 0.25, it means tomatoes are-
 - a) Inferior goods

- b) Luxury goods
 - c) Normal goods
 - d) Can't say
7. The supply curve for perishable commodities is-
- a) Elastic
 - b) Inelastic
 - c) Perfectly elastic
 - d) Perfectly inelastic
8. If the demand is more than supply, then the pressure on price will be-
- a) Upward
 - b) Downward
 - c) Constant
 - d) None of the above
9. The maximum price limit fixed by the government in order to freeze the price of a certain commodity is known as –
- a) Price floor
 - b) Price ceiling
 - c) Minimum support price
 - d) None of these
10. Rent control is an example of-
- a) Price ceiling
 - b) Minimum support price
 - c) Price floor
 - d) None of these

Accountancy

1. Manoj has made a sale of Rs. 70,000 out of which cash sales amounted to Rs. 40,000. He showed trade receivables on 31-3-2019 at Rs. 30,000. Which concept is followed by him?
- a. Going concern
 - b. Cost
 - c. Accrual
 - d. Money measurement
2. In which of the following cases, accounting estimates are needed?
- a. Employs benefit schemes
 - b. Impairment of losses
 - c. Inventory obsolescence
 - d. All of the above

3. M/s Kumar firm has reported a profit of Rs. 2,80,000 for the year ended 31-3-2019 after taking into consideration the following items.
- (i) The cost of an asset Rs. 50,000 has been taken as an expense
 - (ii) The firm anticipated a profit of Rs. 15,000 on the sale of an old furniture
 - (iii) Salary of Rs. 12,000 outstanding for the year has not been taken into account.
 - (iv) An asset of Rs.85,000 was purchased for Rs.75,000 and was recorded in the books at Rs.85,000. What is the correct amount of profit to be reported in the books?
 - a. Rs. 2,80,000
 - b. Rs. 3,03,000
 - c. Rs. 3,30,000
 - d. Rs. 2,53,000
4. In case of a joint venture, a minor
- a. Can be a co-venturer in the profits of the joint venture only
 - b. Can be a co-venturer if all the other co-venturers agree
 - c. Can be a co-venturer if permitted by the competent authority
 - d. Cannot be a co-venturer at all.
5. Loss on realization is distributed among partners:
- a. According to profit sharing ratio
 - b. According to capital ratio
 - c. As decided among them
 - d. According to equal ratio
6. Minority interest should be presented in the consolidated balance sheet
- a. As a part of liabilities
 - b. As a part of equity of the parent's shareholders
 - c. Separately from liabilities and the equity of the parent's shareholders
 - d. As a part of assets
7. C and D enter in to a joint venture to share profit in the ratio of 5:3. Apart from the profits, D is entitled to a commission of 5% of net profit after charging such commission. If net profit of joint venture is Rs. 33,600 before charging such commission. What will be share of profit of C and D.
- a. C will get profit Rs. 19,950 and D Rs. 11,970
 - b. C will get profit Rs. 20,000 and D Rs. 12,000
 - c. C will get profit Rs. 21,000 and D Rs. 12,600
 - d. C will get profit Rs. 21,600 and D Rs. 12,000.
8. In departmental accounting canteen expenses are apportioned on the basis of

- a. Food items purchased
 - b. Food items sold
 - c. No. of employees
 - d. Average stock
- 9 Dividend paid by subsidiary to its parent, out of capital profits, should be credited by the parent company in its
- a. Profit and loss account.
 - b. Dividend account.
 - c. Shares invested in subsidiary account.
 - d. Capital reserve account
- 10 P of Delhi sends out 1,000 boxes of toothpaste costing Rs. 200 each. Each box consist of 12 packets. 600 boxes were sold by consignee at Rs. 20 per packet. Amount of sale value will be:
- a. Rs. 1,44,000
 - b. Rs. 1,20,000
 - c. Rs. 1,32,000
 - d. Rs. 1,50,000